NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION AND PROPOSED SETTLEMENT, MOTION FOR ATTORNEYS' FEES AND SETTLEMENT FAIRNESS HEARING

This Notice relates to the following actions:

- In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation, Master File No. 03-CV-8917 (GEL) in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York ("U.S. Action").
- Canadian Commercial Workers Industry Pension Plan against Biovail Corporation, Eugene N. Melnyk, Brian H.
 Crombie, John R. Miszuk and Kenneth G. Howling, Court File No. 48172 CP in the Ontario Superior Court of
 Justice ("Canadian Action").

If you purchased Biovail Corporation ("Biovail") common stock on the New York Stock Exchange or other U.S. stock exchanges or the Toronto Stock Exchange or other Canadian stock exchanges during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004, then you may be entitled to a payment from a proposed class action settlement.

This Notice is being sent to you pursuant to court orders. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.1

THE U.S. ACTION

- The Settlement of the U.S. Action will provide a \$138 million cash settlement fund for the benefit of the Class described herein (see response to question 5 below defining the "Class" and "Class Members") who bought shares of Biovail Corporation common stock during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004 on stock exchanges in the United States or Canada. All dollar amounts referenced herein are in U.S. dollars.
- In addition, Biovail will adopt the corporate governance provisions posted on the Internet at www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com.
- The Settlement resolves a lawsuit over whether Biovail and the other Defendants in this action misled investors about a new drug that Biovail launched during the Class Period, Cardizem LA, as well as about Biovail's financial condition during the Class Period.
- Your legal rights are affected whether you act or do not act. Read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:		
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM BY SEPTEMBER 8, 2008	The only way to get a payment from the Settlement.	
EXCLUDE YOURSELF (Opt-out of the Class) BY JULY 8, 2008	Get no payment. This is the only option that allows you ever to be part of any other lawsuit against Biovail and the other Released Parties about the Settled Claims as those terms are defined in the response to question 12 below.	
OBJECT BY JULY 8, 2008	Write to the Court about why you do not like the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation, or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. See responses to questions 18 and 19 below.	
GO TO A HEARING ON AUGUST 8, 2008	Ask to speak in Court about the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation, or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. See responses to questions 20-22 below.	
DO NOTHING	Get no payment. Give up rights.	

- These rights and options and the deadlines to exercise them are explained in this Notice.
- The Court in charge of this Action still has to decide whether to approve the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation and the application for attorneys' fees and expenses. Payments will be made if the Court approves the Settlement and after appeals, if any, are resolved. Please be patient.

Vous recevez cet avis suite à l'ordre de la cour. Cet avis n'est pas une sollicitation d'un avocat.

Si vous souhaitez obtenir une version française de cet avis ou du Formulaire de Réclamation, vous pourriez télécharger les documents de www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com, ou vous pourriez appeler le 1-877-465-5582 pour demander qu'ils vous soient expédiés.

¹ Si vous avez acheté des actions ordinaires de Biovail Corporation ("Biovail") sur la bourse des valeurs de New York (NYSE) ou d'autres bourses des valeurs aux Etats-Unis, ou sur la bourse de Toronto (TSX) ou d'autres bourses des valeurs canadiennes pendant la période commençant le 7 février 2003 et terminant le 2 mars 2004 (inclusivement), vous pourriez avoir droit à un paiement d'un règlement proposé d'un recours collectif.

SUMMARY NOTICE

Statement of Plaintiff Recovery

Pursuant to the Settlement described herein, a Settlement Amount consisting of \$138 million in cash has been deposited in an interest bearing Escrow Account for the benefit of the Class. Lead Plaintiffs estimate that there were approximately 217.6 million shares of Biovail common stock traded on the relevant stock exchanges during the Class Period which may have been damaged. Lead Plaintiffs estimate that the average recovery per damaged share of Biovail common stock purchased during the Class Period under the Settlement is \$0.63 per damaged share² before deduction of Court-awarded attorneys' fees and expenses and the costs of administration. A Class Member's actual recovery will be determined in accordance with the Plan of Allocation set forth on pages 12-14 below, if the Court approves the plan. The Court may modify the proposed Plan of Allocation or adopt a different plan, without further notice to the Class.

Statement of Potential Outcome of Case

The parties disagree on both liability and damages and do not agree on the average amount of damages per share that would be recoverable if plaintiffs were to have prevailed on each claim alleged. The issues on which the parties disagree include (a) the appropriate economic model for determining the amount by which Biovail's common stock was allegedly artificially inflated (if at all) during the Class Period; (b) the amount by which Biovail's common stock was allegedly artificially inflated (if at all) during the Class Period; (c) the effect of various market forces influencing the trading price of Biovail's common stock at various times during the Class Period; (d) the extent to which external factors, such as general market and industry conditions, influenced the trading price of Biovail's common stock at various times during the Class Period; (e) the extent to which the various matters that Plaintiffs alleged were materially false or misleading influenced (if at all) the trading price of Biovail's common stock at various times during the Class Period; (f) the extent to which the various allegedly adverse material facts that Plaintiffs alleged were omitted influenced (if at all) the trading price of Biovail's common stock at various times during the Class Period; and (g) whether the statements made or facts allegedly omitted were material or otherwise actionable under the federal securities laws. The Defendants deny that they are liable to the Lead Plaintiffs or the other members of the Class have suffered any damages.

Statement of Attorneys' Fees and Costs Sought

Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel are moving the Court to award attorneys' fees not to exceed 16.1% of the Gross Settlement Fund, and for reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection with the prosecution of this Action in an amount not to exceed \$3.5 million, plus interest on such expenses at the same rate as earned by the Gross Settlement Fund. The requested fees and expenses would amount to an average of approximately \$0.12 per damaged share in total for fees and expenses. Application will also be made for reimbursement to the Lead Plaintiffs and the other proposed Class representative for an amount not to exceed \$65,000 for reimbursement of their reasonable costs and expenses (including lost wages) directly relating to their representation of the Class. Plaintiffs' Counsel have expended considerable time and effort in the prosecution of this litigation on a contingent fee basis, and have advanced the expenses of the litigation, in the expectation that if they were successful in obtaining a recovery for the Class they would be paid from such recovery. In this type of litigation, it is customary for counsel to be awarded a percentage of the common fund recovery as their attorneys' fees.

Further Information

Further information regarding the U.S. Action and this Notice may be obtained by contacting Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel: Steven B. Singer, Esq., Bernstein Litowitz Berger & Grossmann LLP, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, Telephone (212) 554-1400, or Sanford P. Dumain, Esq., Milberg LLP, One Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10119-0165, Telephone (212) 594-5300.

Reasons for the Settlement

For the Plaintiffs, the principal reason for the Settlement is the benefit to be provided to the Class now. This benefit must be considered in light of all the risks that Plaintiffs would face to succeed in proving liability and a larger amount of damages at a trial. Even if Plaintiffs were successful at trial, there would be further risks on appeal. The \$138 million in cash recovered now must be compared to the risks that no recovery, and importantly no *larger* recovery, might be achieved after a contested trial and likely appeals, possibly years into the future.

For the Defendants, who deny all allegations of wrongdoing or liability whatsoever, the principal reason for the Settlement is to eliminate the expense, risks, and uncertain outcome of the litigation.

[END OF COVER PAGE]

² An allegedly damaged share might have been traded more than once during the Class Period, and the indicated average recovery would be the total for all purchasers of that share.

WHAT THIS NOTICE CONTAINS

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BASIC INFORMATION

1. Why did I get this notice package?

You or someone in your family may have purchased Biovail common stock during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004. Such purchasers may be members of the Class (as defined below) in this Action and are generally referred to herein as "Class Members" and are collectively referred to as the "Class."

The Court directed that this Notice be sent to Class Members because they have a right to know about a proposed settlement of a class action lawsuit, and about all of their options, before the Court decides whether to approve the Settlement. If the Court approves the Settlement, after any objections and appeals that might be taken are resolved, an administrator appointed by the Court will make the payments that the Settlement allows.

This package explains the lawsuit, the Settlement, Class Members' legal rights, what benefits are available, who is eligible for them, and how to get them.

The Court in charge of the case is the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, and the case is known as *In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 03-CV-8917 (GEL). This case was originally assigned to United States District Judge Richard Owen but it was reassigned to United States District Judge Gerard E. Lynch. The people who are leading the action on behalf of the Class, Ontario Teachers' Pension Plan Board and Local 282 Welfare Trust Fund, are called the Lead Plaintiffs, and the company and the persons they sued, Biovail Corporation, Eugene N. Melnyk, Brian H. Crombie, John R. Miszuk, Kenneth Howling, and Rolf Reininghaus, are called the Defendants.

2. What is this lawsuit about?

Biovail is a Canadian pharmaceutical company engaged in the development, manufacturing, marketing, licensing, and distribution of pharmaceutical products for the treatment of chronic medical conditions. At the start of the Class Period, the key element of Biovail's business strategy was the application of its delivery technology to drugs developed by other pharmaceutical companies. Biovail reformulated existing drugs to make them easier to administer to patients. Beginning in 2002, Biovail began to attempt to change its business model by focusing its efforts on developing its own drugs. The first drug that Biovail self-developed and self-launched was Cardizem LA ("CLA"), a drug used for the treatment of hypertension.

On June 18, 2004, Lead Plaintiffs filed a Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint, which was followed by the filing on August 25, 2006 of the Consolidated Second Amended Class Action Complaint (the "Complaint"). The Complaint generally asserts, among other things, that Defendants violated Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder (i) by issuing a series of allegedly false and misleading statements concerning the efficacy of and demand for CLA, as well as the purported success of the launch of the drug, and by concealing manufacturing problems which negatively impacted sales of CLA; and (ii) by issuing a series of allegedly false and misleading statements concerning Biovail's financial results which were impacted by alleged accounting improprieties in violation of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The Complaint generally alleges that, as a result of Defendants' dissemination of the allegedly false and misleading statements during the Class Period, the market price of Biovail's common stock was artificially inflated, thereby causing damage to Class Members. The Complaint also alleges that during the Class Period insider trading in violation of the securities laws occurred.

The Defendants deny all allegations of misconduct contained in the Complaint and deny having engaged in any wrongdoing whatsoever.

3. Why is this a class action?

In a class action, one or more people called class representatives sue on behalf of people who have similar claims. All these people are a class or class members. Bringing a case, such as this one, as a class action allows adjudication of many similar claims of persons and entities that might be economically too small to bring in individual actions. One court resolves the issues for all class members, except for those who exclude themselves from the class.

4. Why is there a settlement?

These consolidated actions were commenced in late 2003, and Lead Plaintiffs filed the Consolidated Amended Class Action Complaint in the summer of 2004. Defendants moved to dismiss that complaint on September 28, 2004. Their motion was denied by the Court by order entered December 22, 2004 (the "December 2004 Order"). On August 25, 2006, Plaintiffs filed the Consolidated Second Amended Class Action Complaint (the "Complaint"), which contains a number of additional allegations of wrongdoing and which added another individual defendant. All Defendants answered the Complaint on October 20, 2006.

Discovery commenced shortly after the Court issued its December 2004 Order. In response to Plaintiffs' discovery requests, Defendants produced many millions of pages of documents, and several non-parties also produced documents. Additionally, Plaintiffs took the testimony of approximately fifteen fact witnesses.

Lead Plaintiffs moved for class certification on February 28, 2006, and after extensive briefing by both parties, the Court heard oral argument on the motion on March 23, 2007. The Court had not yet ruled on Lead Plaintiffs' motion for class certification when the parties entered into an agreement to settle this Action.

In the fall of 2005, the parties engaged in a mediation before a former federal district court judge, but were unable to reach an agreement to resolve the Action. In December 2007, with the benefit of the further development of the Action and the extensive discovery conducted since the earlier mediation, and with the assistance of a second highly experienced mediator, Lead Plaintiffs, by their counsel, conducted discussions and arm's-length negotiations with counsel for Defendants with a view to settling the issues in dispute and achieving the best relief possible consistent with the interests of the Class. When the parties agreed to settle this Action, fact discovery, which was ongoing, was scheduled to be completed February 29, 2008, followed by expert discovery, which was to be completed by April 25, 2008.

At the time that the agreement to settle this Action was reached, Lead Plaintiffs had a clear understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of the case and the risks they would face in proceeding to trial. At trial, it is the plaintiffs' burden to establish every element of each of the claims they asserted against the defendants. One of the elements that plaintiffs have to establish in an action for violation of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act is called loss causation. Another element that plaintiffs would have to establish is that defendants acted with the requisite level of intent to mislead investors, known as *scienter*. While Lead Plaintiffs believe that they could have met their burdens with respect to both of these elements, they also recognize that the law with respect to loss causation and *scienter* has been evolving and the risks to plaintiffs in satisfying these burdens have been becoming greater. Defendants had arguments that could find appeal with a jury. Lead Plaintiffs also recognized that, even if they prevailed at the trial level, the appeal that Defendants would have taken was potentially a more serious risk to the ultimate outcome of the case. Additionally, as noted above, given that the amount of damages sustained by the Class would be seriously disputed, there was the real possibility of no recovery after trial or a recovery that did not exceed the amount of the Settlement but which would still be in jeopardy on appeal. Finally, even if a jury verdict were ultimately sustained on appeal, it could take years before the Action was finally resolved.

Additionally, as noted above, at the time that the agreement to settle was reached, the Court had not yet ruled on Lead Plaintiffs' motion for Class Certification. It was clear that if Lead Plaintiffs prevailed on that motion, Defendants would seek leave to appeal that ruling. If the Court of Appeals heard that appeal, it would significantly delay the resolution of the Action.

The Court has not decided in favor of Plaintiffs or Defendants. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement. That way, they avoid the risks and cost of a trial and subsequent appeals. Additionally, settlement of the Action assures that persons affected by the alleged fraud can get compensation. The Class Representatives and their attorneys think the Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate and in the best interests of all Class Members.

WHO IS IN THE SETTLEMENT

To see if you will get money from this Settlement, you first have to decide if you are a Class Member.

5. How do I know if I am part of the Settlement?

The Court directed, for the purposes of the proposed Settlement, that everyone, except the persons and entities identified in response to question 6 below, who fits this description is a Class Member: *all persons and entities who purchased the common stock of Biovail on the New York Stock Exchange or other U.S. stock exchanges or the Toronto Stock Exchange or other Canadian stock exchanges during the period from February 7, 2003*, through and including March 2, 2004.

6. Are there exceptions to being included?

Excluded from the Class are Biovail, its subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessor and successor entities; Ernst & Young LLP [U.S. and Canada] and any of their affiliates, subsidiaries, and predecessor and successor entities; Ernst & Young LLP [U.S. and Canada] partners and partners of any of their affiliates, subsidiaries, and predecessor and successor entities; individual defendants Eugene N. Melnyk, Brian H. Crombie, John R. Miszuk, Kenneth Howling and Rolf Reininghaus; members of their immediate families; any entity in which any defendant has a controlling interest; any person who was an officer or director of Biovail during the Class Period; and the legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns of any of the foregoing excluded persons or entities.

If one of your mutual funds purchased shares of Biovail common stock on a relevant stock exchange during the Class Period, that alone does not make you a Class Member. You are a Class Member only if *you directly purchased shares of Biovail common stock on the New York Stock Exchange or other U.S. stock exchanges or the Toronto Stock Exchange or other Canadian stock exchanges during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004.* Check your investment records or contact your broker to see if you purchased Biovail common stock on a relevant exchange during the Class Period.

If you **sold** Biovail common stock during the Class Period, that alone does not make you a Class Member. You are a Class Member only if you **purchased** shares of Biovail common stock on the New York Stock Exchange or other U.S. stock exchanges or the Toronto Stock Exchange or other Canadian stock exchanges during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004.

7. What if I am still not sure if I am included?

If you are still not sure whether you are included, you can ask for free help. You can call 1-877-465-5582 or visit www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com for more information. Or you can fill out and return the Proof of Claim form described in question 10, to see if you qualify.

THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS — WHAT YOU GET

8. What does the Settlement provide?

In exchange for the Settlement and dismissal of the Action, Biovail and the Individual Defendants have agreed to create a \$138 million cash fund, which is earning interest, to be divided, after payment of fees and expenses as awarded by the Court, among all Class Members who submit valid Proof of Claim forms.

Biovail has also agreed to enact certain corporate governance changes posted on the Internet at www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com.

9. How much will my payment be?

Your share of the Net Settlement Fund (i.e., the Settlement Amount plus accrued interest less Court-awarded fees and expenses and less Taxes) will depend on the total Recognized Claims represented by the valid Proof of Claim forms that Class Members send in, how many shares of Biovail common stock you bought, how much you paid for them, and when you bought and whether or when you sold them, and if so, for how much you sold them.

You can calculate your Recognized Claim in accordance with the formula shown below in the Plan of Allocation. It is unlikely that you will get a payment for all of your Recognized Claim. After all Class Members have sent in their Proof of Claim forms, the payment you get will be a part of the Net Settlement Fund equal to your Recognized Claim divided by the total of everyone's Recognized Claims. See the Plan of Allocation beginning on page 12 for more information on how your Recognized Claim will be determined.

HOW YOU GET A PAYMENT — SUBMITTING A PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

10. How can I get a payment?

To qualify for a payment, you must send in a Proof of Claim form. A Proof of Claim form is being circulated with this Notice. You may also get a Proof of Claim form, either in English or French, on the Internet at www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com. Read the instructions carefully, fill out the Proof of Claim form, include all the documents the form asks for, sign it, and mail it postmarked not later than **September 8, 2008**.

11. When would I get my payment?

The Court will hold a hearing on **August 8, 2008**, to decide whether to approve the Settlement. If the Court approves the Settlement, there may be appeals. It is always uncertain whether these appeals can be resolved, and resolving them can take time, perhaps more than a year. It also takes time for all the Proofs of Claim to be processed. Please be patient.

12. What am I giving up to get a payment or stay in the Class?

Unless you validly request exclusion, you are staying in the Class, and that means that, upon the "Effective Date," you will release all "Settled Claims" (as defined below) against the "Released Parties" (as defined below).

"Settled Claims" means any and all claims, debts, demands, rights or causes of action or liabilities whatsoever (including, but not limited to, any claims for damages, interest, attorneys' fees, expert or consulting fees, and any other costs, expenses or liability whatsoever), whether based on federal, state, local, statutory or common law or any other law, rule or regulation, whether fixed or contingent, accrued or un-accrued, liquidated or un-liquidated, at law or in equity, matured or un-matured, whether class or individual in nature, including both known claims and Unknown Claims (as defined below), (i) that have been asserted in this Action by the Class Members or any of them against any of the Released Parties, or (ii) that could have been asserted in any forum by the Class Members or any of them on behalf of the Class against any of the Released Parties which arise out of, are related to, or are based upon the allegations, transactions, facts, matters or occurrences, representations or omissions involved, set forth, or referred to in the Complaint and which relate to the purchase, sale or ownership of Biovail securities during the Class Period.

"Released Parties" means Biovail and the Individual Defendants, their past or present subsidiaries, parents, successors and predecessors, officers, directors, agents, employees, attorneys, insurers, advisors, and investment advisors, and any person, firm, trust, corporation, officer, director or other individual or entity in which any Defendant has a controlling interest or which is related to or affiliated with any of the Defendants, and the legal representatives, heirs, successors in interest or assigns of any of the Defendants.

"Unknown Claims" means any and all Settled Claims which any Lead Plaintiff or other Class Member does not know or suspect to exist in his, her or its favor at the time of the release of the Released Parties, and any Settled Defendants' Claims which any Defendant does not know or suspect to exist in his or its favor, which if known by him or it might have affected his or its decision(s) with respect to the Settlement. With respect to any and all Settled Claims and Settled Defendants' Claims, the parties stipulate and agree that upon the Effective Date, the Lead Plaintiffs and the Defendants shall expressly waive, and each other Class Member shall be deemed to have waived, and by operation of the Judgment shall have expressly waived, any and all provisions, rights and benefits conferred by any law of any state or territory of the United States, or principle of common law, which is similar, comparable, or equivalent to Cal. Civ. Code § 1542, which provides:

A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by him or her must have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor.

Lead Plaintiffs and Defendants acknowledge, and all other Class Members by operation of law shall be deemed to have acknowledged, that the inclusion of "Unknown Claims" in the definition of Settled Claims and Settled Defendants' Claims was separately bargained for and was a key element of the Settlement.

Upon the Effective Date of this Settlement, all Class Members on behalf of themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, predecessors, successors and assigns, shall, with respect to each and every Settled Claim, release and forever discharge, and shall forever be enjoined from prosecuting, any Settled Claims against any of the Released Parties.

The "Effective Date" will occur when an Order entered by the Court approving the Settlement becomes final and not subject to appeal.

If you remain a member of the Class, all of the Court's orders will apply to you and legally bind you.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF ("OPTING OUT") FROM THE SETTLEMENT

If you do not want a payment from this Settlement, but you want to keep any right you may have to sue or continue to sue the Defendants and the other Released Parties, on your own, about the Settled Claims, then you must take steps to get out of the Class. This is called excluding yourself from -- or "opting out" of -- the Class. Defendants may withdraw from and terminate the Settlement if persons and entities who would otherwise be Class Members, and who purchased in excess of a certain amount of Biovail common stock, opt out of the Class.

13. How do I get out of the proposed Settlement?

To opt out of the Class, you must send a signed letter by mail stating that you "request exclusion from the Class in *In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 03-CV-8917 (GEL)." Your letter should include the date(s), price(s), and number(s) of shares of all your purchases and sales of Biovail common stock during the Class Period. In addition, be sure to include your name, address, telephone number, and your signature. You must mail your exclusion request by first class mail postmarked no later than **July 8, 2008** to:

In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation
Exclusions
c/o Complete Claim Solutions, LLC, Claims Administrator
P.O. Box 24640
West Palm Beach, FL 33416

You cannot exclude yourself by telephone or by e-mail. If you ask to be excluded, you will not get any Settlement payment, and you cannot object to the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit, and you may be able to sue (or continue to sue) the Defendants and the other Released Parties in the future.

A request for exclusion from the Class in this Action shall also be deemed a request for exclusion from the class in the Canadian Action which is discussed on page 14 below.

14. If I do not exclude myself, can I sue the Defendants and the other Released Parties for the same thing later?

No. Unless you exclude yourself, you give up any rights to sue the Defendants and the other Released Parties for any and all Settled Claims. If you have a pending lawsuit against any of the Defendants or any of the other Released Parties, speak to your lawyer in that case immediately. You must exclude yourself from the Class to continue your own lawsuit. Remember, the exclusion deadline is **July 8, 2008**.

15. If I exclude myself, can I get money from the proposed Settlement?

No. If you exclude yourself, do not send in a Proof of Claim form to ask for any money. But you may exercise any right you may have to sue, continue to sue, or be part of a different lawsuit against the Defendants and the other Released Parties.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

16. Do I have a lawyer in this case?

The Court ordered that the law firms of Bernstein Litowitz Berger & Grossmann LLP, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, Telephone (212) 554-1400 and Milberg LLP,³ One Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10119-0165, Telephone (212) 594-5300 will represent all Class Members. These lawyers are called Class Counsel or Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel. You will not be separately charged for these lawyers. The Court will determine the amount of fees and expenses to be paid to Class Counsel. All fees and expenses awarded by the Court will be paid from the Gross Settlement Fund. Class Members may, but are not required to, hire their own lawyers at their own expense.

17. How will the lawyers and Class Representatives be paid?

Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel are moving the Court to award attorneys' fees from the Gross Settlement Fund in an amount not to exceed 16.1% of the Gross Settlement Fund and, for reimbursement of their expenses in an amount not to exceed \$3.5 million, plus interest on such expenses at the same rate as earned by the Gross Settlement Fund.

Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel are also moving the Court to award a payment of up to \$65,000 to Lead Plaintiffs and the other proposed Class representative, for their reasonable costs and expenses (including lost wages) directly relating to their representation of the Class.

Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel, without further notice to the Class, will subsequently apply to the Court for payment of the Claims Administrator's fees and expenses incurred in connection with giving notice, administering the Settlement and distributing the Settlement proceeds to the members of the Class.

OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT, PLAN OF ALLOCATION AND APPLICATION FOR ATTORNEYS' FEES AND REIMBURSEMENT OF LITIGATION EXPENSES

If you are a Class Member, you can tell the Court that you do not agree with the Settlement, or some part of it, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of litigation expenses.

18. How do I tell the Court that I do not like the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of litigation expenses?

If you are a Class Member, you can object to the Settlement, or any of its terms, to the proposed Plan of Allocation and/or to the application by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel for an award of fees and expenses. You may write to the Court setting out your objection. You may give reasons why you think the Court should not approve any or all of the Settlement terms or arrangements, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees or expenses. The Court will consider your views if you file a proper objection within the deadline identified, and according to the following procedures.

To object to the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees and expenses, you must send a signed letter stating that you object to the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees and expenses in *In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 03-CV-8917 (GEL). Be sure to include your name, address, telephone number, and your signature, identify the date(s), price(s), and number(s) of shares of all purchases and sales of Biovail common stock you made during the Class Period (February 7, 2003 through and including March 2, 2004), and state the reasons why you object to the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for attorneys' fees and expenses. Your objection must be filed with the Court and served on all of the following counsel on or before **July 8, 2008**:

³ Milberg LLP was formerly known as Milberg Weiss Bershad & Schulman LLP. On May 18, 2006 in the United States District Court for the Central District of California (Los Angeles), Milberg Weiss Bershad & Schulman LLP and two of its partners, David J. Bershad and Steven G. Schulman, and others, were named as defendants in an indictment. On September 20, 2007, a superseding indictment was filed which added Melvyn I. Weiss as a named defendant. The indictments alleged that, in certain cases identified in the indictments, portions of attorneys' fees awarded to the firm were improperly shared with certain plaintiffs. Milberg LLP has pleaded not guilty. The three partners named in the indictments have left the firm and have agreed to plead guilty to a charge of conspiracy. The indictments do not refer to this action, and make no allegations of any impropriety in the conduct of this action.

COURT

Clerk of the Court United States District Court for the Bernstein Litowitz Southern District of New York 500 Pearl Street New York, NY 10007

PLAINTIFFS' CO-LEAD COUNSEL

Steven B. Singer, Esq. Berger & Grossmann LLP 1285 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10019

and

Sanford P. Dumain, Esq. Milbera LLP One Penn Plaza New York, NY 10119-0165

DEFENDANTS' COUNSEL

Martin F. Cunniff, Esq. Howrev LLP 1299 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20004 and

T. Barry Kingham, Esq. Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle LLP 101 Park Avenue New York, NY 10178

You do not need to go to the Settlement Fairness Hearing to have your written objection considered by the Court. At the Settlement Fairness Hearing, any Class Member who has not previously submitted a request for exclusion from the Class and who has complied with the procedures set out in this response 18 and response to question 22 below for filing with the Court and providing to counsel for Plaintiffs and Defendants a statement of an intention to appear at the Settlement Fairness Hearing may also appear and be heard, to the extent allowed by the Court, to state any objection to the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation or Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. Any such objector may appear in person or arrange, at that objector's expense, for a lawyer to represent the objector at the Hearing.

Any Class Member who does not object to the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of litigation expenses in the manner prescribed above shall be deemed to have waived such objection and shall forever be foreclosed from making any objection to the fairness, adequacy or reasonableness of the Settlement, the Judgment to be entered approving the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation or the application for an award of attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses.

19. What is the difference between objecting and excluding?

Objecting is simply telling the Court that you do not like something about the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation or the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. You can object only if you stay in the Class. Excluding yourself is telling the Court that you do not want to be part of the Class. If you exclude yourself, you have no basis to object because the case no longer affects you.

THE COURT'S SETTLEMENT FAIRNESS HEARING

The Court will hold a hearing to decide whether to approve the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation and the application for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. You may attend and you may ask to speak, but you do not have to.

20. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the proposed Settlement?

The Court will hold a Settlement Fairness Hearing at 11:00 a.m. on Friday, August 8, 2008, in Courtroom 6B at the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, 500 Pearl Street, New York, New York 10007. At this hearing the Court will consider whether the Settlement is fair, reasonable and adequate. At the Settlement Fairness Hearing, the Court also will consider the proposed Plan of Allocation for the proceeds of the Settlement and the application of Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel for attorneys' fees and reimbursement of expenses. The Court will take into consideration any written objections filed in accordance with the instructions at question 18. The Court also may listen to people who have properly indicated, within the deadline identified above, an intention to speak at the hearing; but decisions regarding the conduct of the hearing will be made by the Court. See question 22 for more information about speaking at the hearing. At or after the hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the Settlement. If the Court approves the Settlement, it will then consider whether or not to approve the proposed Plan of Allocation and the fee and expense application. Please be aware that the Court may adopt a plan of allocation that differs from the plan set forth herein without further notice to the Class. It is not known how long these decisions will take.

You should be aware that the Court may change the date and time of the Settlement Fairness Hearing. Thus, if you want to come to the hearing, you should check with Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel before going to the Court to be sure that the date and/or time has not changed.

21. Do I have to come to the Settlement Fairness Hearing?

No. Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel will answer questions the Court may have. However, you are welcome to come at your own expense. If you send an objection, you do not have to come to Court to talk about it. As long as you served and filed your written objection in accordance with the directions set forth in the response to question 18 above, the Court will consider it. You may also pay your own lawyer to attend, but it is not necessary. Class Members do not need to appear at any hearing or take any other action to indicate their approval.

22. May I speak at the Settlement Fairness Hearing?

If you object to the Settlement, the proposed Plan of Allocation, and/or the application for an award of attorneys' fees and expenses, you may ask the Court for permission to speak at the Settlement Fairness Hearing. To do so, you must include with your objection (see question 18 above) a statement stating that it is your "Notice of Intention to Appear in *In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation*, Master File No. 03-CV-8917 (GEL)." Persons who intend to object to the Settlement, the Plan of Allocation, and/or counsel's application for an award of attorneys' fees and expenses and desire to present evidence at the Settlement Fairness Hearing must include in their written objections the identity of any witnesses they may call to testify and exhibits they intend to introduce into evidence at the Settlement Fairness Hearing. You cannot speak at the Settlement Fairness Hearing if you excluded yourself from the Class or if you have not provided written notice of your intention to speak at the Settlement Fairness Hearing by the deadline identified, and in accordance with the procedures described in the responses to questions 18 and 20 above and in this response.

IF YOU DO NOTHING

23. What happens if I do nothing at all?

If you do nothing, you will get no money from this Settlement and you will be precluded from starting a lawsuit, continuing with a lawsuit, or being part of any other lawsuit against any of the Defendants and any of the other Released Parties about the Settled Claims in this case, ever again. To share in the Net Settlement Fund you must submit a Proof of Claim form (see question 10). To start, continue or be a part of any other lawsuit against any of the Defendants and/or any of the other Released Parties about the Settled Claims in this case you must exclude yourself from the Class in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Notice (see question 13).

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

24. Are there more details about the proposed Settlement?

This Notice summarizes the proposed Settlement. More details are in a Stipulation and Agreement of Settlement dated April 4, 2008 (the "Stipulation"). You can get a copy of the Stipulation by writing to Steven B. Singer, Esq., Bernstein Litowitz Berger & Grossmann LLP, 1285 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10019, or Sanford P. Dumain, Esq., Milberg LLP, One Penn Plaza, New York, NY 10119-0165, or by visiting www.milberg.com.

You also can contact the Claims Administrator at 1-877-465-5582 toll free; write to *In re Biovail Corporation Securities Litigation Settlement*, c/o Complete Claim Solutions, LLC, P.O. Box 24640, West Palm Beach, FL 33416; or visit the website at www.BiovailSecuritiesLitigationSettlement.com, where you will find answers to common questions about the Settlement, a Proof of Claim form, plus other information to help you determine whether you are a Class Member and whether you are eligible for a payment.

25. How do I get more information?

For even more detailed information concerning the matters involved in this Action, reference is made to the pleadings, to the Stipulation, to the Orders entered by the Court and to the other papers filed in the Action, which may be inspected at the Office of the Clerk of the Court, United States District Court, 500 Pearl Street, New York, NY 10007 during regular business hours.

PLAN OF ALLOCATION OF NET SETTLEMENT FUND AMONG CLASS MEMBERS

The \$138 million cash Settlement Amount and the interest earned thereon shall be the Gross Settlement Fund. The Gross Settlement Fund, less all Taxes, approved costs, fees and expenses (the "Net Settlement Fund") shall be distributed to members of the Class who submit acceptable Proofs of Claim ("Authorized Claimants").

The Claims Administrator shall determine each Authorized Claimant's *pro rata* share of the Net Settlement Fund based upon each Authorized Claimant's "Recognized Claim." The Recognized Claim formula is not intended to be an estimate of the amount of what a Class Member might have been able to recover after a trial; nor is it an estimate of the amount that will be paid to Authorized Claimants pursuant to the Settlement. The Recognized Claim formula is the basis upon which the Net Settlement Fund will be proportionately allocated to the Authorized Claimants.

An Authorized Claimant's "Recognized Claim" will be calculated for purposes of the Settlement as follows:

- 1. For shares of common stock purchased between February 7, 2003 and October 2, 2003, and:
 - A. sold between February 7, 2003 and October 2, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - B. sold between October 3, 2003 and October 7, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$2.87 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - C. sold between October 8, 2003 and October 13, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the least of:
 - (1) \$6.47 per share; or
 - (2) \$2.87 + the difference between \$29.05 and sales price per share; or
 - (3) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - D. sold between October 14, 2003 and October 29, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$2.87 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - E. sold between October 30, 2003 and November 20, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$3.75 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - F. sold between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$7.83 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - G. retained at the end of trading on March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$8.27 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and \$18.60.4
- 2. For shares of common stock purchased between October 3, 2003 and October 7, 2003, and:
 - A. sold between October 3, 2003 and October 7, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - B. sold between October 8, 2003 and October 13, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the least of:
 - (1) \$3.61 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between \$29.05 and sales price per share; or
 - (3) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - C. sold between October 14, 2003 and October 29, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - D. sold between October 30, 2003 and November 20, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$0.88 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.

⁴ The March 3, 2004 closing price (\$ US) of Biovail common stock.

- E. sold between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$4.96 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
- F. retained at the end of trading on March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$5.40 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and \$18.60.
- 3. For shares of common stock purchased between October 8, 2003 and October 29, 2003, and:
 - A. sold between October 8, 2003 and October 29, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - B. sold between October 30, 2003 and November 20, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$0.88 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - C. sold between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$4.96 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - D. retained at the end of trading on March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$5.40 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and \$18.60.
- 4. For shares of common stock purchased between October 30, 2003 and November 20, 2003, and:
 - A. sold between October 30, 2003 and November 20, 2003, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - B. sold between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$4.08 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and the sales price per share for each share sold.
 - C. retained at the end of trading on March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$4.52 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and \$18.60.
- 5. For shares of common stock purchased between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, and:
 - A. sold between November 21, 2003 and March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be zero.
 - B. retained at the end of trading on March 2, 2004, the Recognized Claim shall be the lesser of:
 - (1) \$0.44 per share; or
 - (2) the difference between the purchase price per share and \$18.60.

In the event a Class Member has more than one purchase or sale of Biovail common stock, all purchases and sales shall be matched on a First In First Out ("FIFO") basis, Class Period sales will be matched first against any Biovail shares held at the beginning of the Class Period and then against purchases in chronological order, beginning with the earliest purchase made during the Class Period. A purchase or sale of Biovail common stock shall be deemed to have occurred on the "contract" or "trade" date as opposed to the "settlement" or "payment" date. The receipt or grant by gift, devise or operation of law of Biovail common stock during the Class Period shall not be deemed a purchase or sale of Biovail common stock for the calculation of an Authorized Claimant's Recognized Claim nor shall it be deemed an assignment of any claim relating to the purchase of such Biovail shares unless specifically provided in the instrument of gift or assignment and the original purchase occurred during the Class Period. The receipt of Biovail common stock during the Class Period in exchange for securities of any other corporation or entity shall not be deemed a purchase or sale of Biovail common stock.

To the extent a Claimant had a gain from his, her or its overall transactions in Biovail common stock during the Class Period, the value of the Recognized Claim will be zero. Such Claimants will in any event be bound by the Settlement. To the extent that a Claimant suffered an overall loss on his, her or its overall transactions in Biovail common stock during the Class Period, but that loss was less than the Recognized Claim calculated above, then the Recognized Claim shall be limited to the amount of the actual loss.

For purposes of determining whether a Claimant had a gain from his, her or its overall transactions in Biovail common stock during the Class Period or suffered a loss, the Claims Administrator shall: (i) total the amount paid for all Biovail common stock purchased during the Class Period by the Claimant (the "Total Purchase Amount"); (ii) match any sales of Biovail common stock during the Class Period first against the Claimant's opening position in the stock (the proceeds of those sales will not be considered for purposes of calculating gains or losses); (iii) total the amount received for sales of the remaining shares of Biovail common stock sold during the Class Period (the "Sales Proceeds"); and (iv) ascribe an \$18.60 per share holding value for the number of shares of Biovail common stock purchased during the Class Period and still held at the end of the Class Period ("Holding Value"). The difference between the Total Purchase Amount ((i) above) and the sum of the Sales Proceeds and the Holding Value ((iii) plus (iv) above) will be deemed a Claimant's gain or loss on his, her or its overall transactions in Biovail common stock during the Class Period.

Each Authorized Claimant shall be allocated a *pro rata* share of the Net Settlement Fund based on his, her or its Recognized Claim as compared to the total Recognized Claims of all Authorized Claimants. A payment to an Authorized Claimant of less than \$10 in total will not be included in the calculation and will not be distributed.

Class Members who do not submit acceptable Proofs of Claim will not share in the Settlement proceeds. Class Members who do not either submit a request for exclusion or submit an acceptable Proof of Claim will nevertheless be bound by the Settlement and the Judgment of the Court dismissing this Action.

Distributions will be made to Authorized Claimants after all claims have been processed and after the Court has finally approved the Settlement. If any funds remain in the Net Settlement Fund by reason of un-cashed distributions or otherwise, then, after the Claims Administrator has made reasonable and diligent efforts to have Class Members who are entitled to participate in the distribution of the Net Settlement Fund cash their distributions, any balance remaining in the Net Settlement Fund one (1) year after the initial distribution of such funds shall be re-distributed to Class Members who have cashed their initial distributions and who would receive at least \$10.00 from such re-distribution, after payment of any unpaid costs or fees incurred in administering the Net Settlement Fund for such re-distribution. If after six months after such re-distribution any funds shall remain in the Net Settlement Fund, then such balance shall be contributed to non-sectarian, not-for-profit, 501(c)(3) organization(s) designated by Plaintiffs' Co-Lead Counsel after notice to the Court and subject to direction, if any, by the Court.

Plaintiffs, Defendants, their respective counsel, and all other Released Parties shall have no responsibility for or liability whatsoever for the investment or distribution of the Settlement Amount, the Net Settlement Fund, the Plan of Allocation or the determination, administration, calculation, or payment of any Proof of Claim or non-performance of the Claims Administrator, the payment or withholding of Taxes owed by the Gross Settlement Fund or any losses incurred in connection therewith.

THE CANADIAN ACTION

On September 21, 2005, a separate securities class action styled *Canadian Commercial Workers Industry Pension Plan against Biovail Corporation, Eugene N. Melnyk, Brian H. Crombie, John R. Miszuk and Kenneth G. Howling,* Court File No. 48172 CP (the "Canadian Action"), was commenced in Canada in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (the "Canadian Court"). The Canadian Action alleges violations of Canadian law based on essentially the same facts and circumstances as those cited in the Complaint in the U.S. Action. The Canadian Action was brought on behalf of essentially the same class represented in the U.S. Action, i.e., all persons who purchased Biovail's common stock between February 7, 2003 and March 2, 2004, other than the defendants named in the Canadian Action. Plaintiff in the Canadian Action and its counsel have determined to ask the Canadian Court to approve the settlement of the Canadian Action based on the consideration obtained in settlement of the U.S. Action. The Canadian Court will hold a fairness hearing to determine whether to approve the settlement of the Canadian Action on September 15, 2008, at 10:00 a.m.

The decision of the Canadian Court with respect to approval of the settlement of the Canadian Action does not affect the settlement of the U.S. Action or the determinations of the Court in the U.S. Action. Settlement of the U.S. Action is not conditioned on the decisions of the Canadian Court or approval of the settlement of the Canadian Action. Additionally, there will be no distribution of funds through the Canadian Action. The only Proof of Claim form that will be distributed is the claim form in the U.S. Action.

Canadian Class Counsel have had input into the notice and administration procedures which will govern the Settlement, and were involved in negotiating the provisions of the corporate governance reforms. Canadian Class Counsel will be compensated for their services by the Defendants in an amount to be approved by the Canadian Court, and not out of the Settlement Fund.

As described earlier, a request for exclusion from the U.S. proceedings will also serve to exclude a Class Member from the Canadian Action. Similarly, any objection made concerning the Settlement will be provided to the Canadian Court. A specific objection concerning the Canadian settlement may be provided to Canadian Class Counsel.

If you would like additional information regarding the Canadian Action, please contact: Charles M. Wright or A. Dimitri Lascaris at Siskinds LLP, 680 Waterloo Street, London, ON N6A 3V8, Tel: (519) 672-2121, or Michael D. Wright at Cavalluzzo Hayes Shilton McIntyre & Cornish LLP, 474 Bathurst Street, Suite 300, Toronto, ON M5T 2S6.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SECURITIES BROKERS AND OTHER NOMINEES

If you purchased common stock of Biovail on the New York Stock Exchange or any other U.S. stock exchange or the Toronto Stock Exchange or any other Canadian stock exchange during the period from February 7, 2003, through and including March 2, 2004 for the beneficial interest of a person or organization other than yourself, the Court has directed that, WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS OF YOUR RECEIPT OF THIS NOTICE, you either (a) provide to the Claims Administrator the name and last known address of each person or organization for whom or which you purchased Biovail common stock on any such exchanges during such time period or (b) request additional copies of this Notice and the Proof of Claim form, which will be provided to you free of charge, and within seven (7) days of receipt of such copies mail the Notice and Proof of Claim form directly to the beneficial owners of that Biovail common stock. If you choose to follow alternative procedure (b), the Court has directed that, upon such mailing, you send a statement to the Claims Administrator confirming that the mailing was made as directed. You are entitled to reimbursement from the Gross Settlement Fund of your reasonable expenses actually incurred in connection with the foregoing, including reimbursement of postage expense and the cost of ascertaining the names and addresses of beneficial owners. Those expenses will be paid upon request and submission of appropriate supporting documentation. All communications concerning the foregoing should be addressed to the Claims Administrator:

In re Biovail Securities Litigation c/o Complete Claim Solutions, LLC Claims Administrator P.O. Box 24640 West Palm Beach, FL 33416 1-877-465-5582

Dated: New York, New York May 9, 2008

By Court Order